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Head of Security

About Netnod

Key Facts

Founded: 1996

Main office: Stockholm, Sweden

Employed: 35

Owner: TU-Stiftelsen¹

1. TU-Stiftelsen is a not for profit foundation with a goal that *the internet should work*

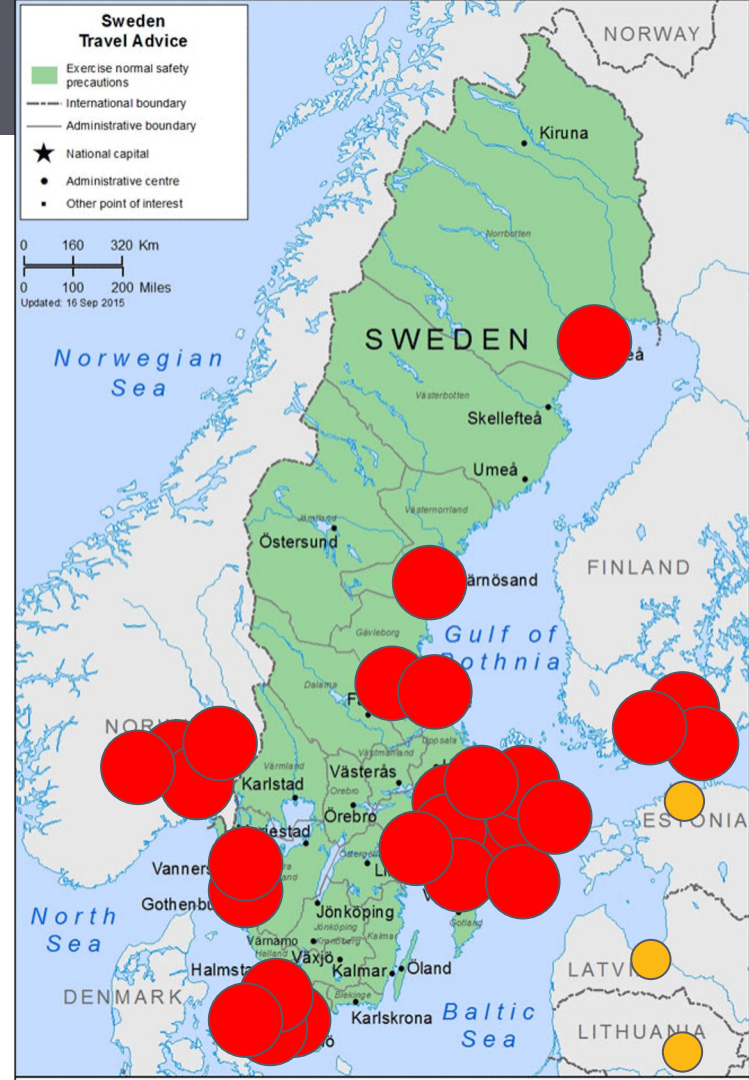
- A neutral organisation working with internet infrastructure
 - The largest IXP in the Nordics
 - More than 250 connected networks
- <https://www.netnod.se/ix/connected-networks>
- Operates i.root-servers.net, one of 13 root servers in the world
 - Offers DNS anycast to ccTLDs, enterprises and partners
 - Responsible for distribution of time and frequency in Sweden
 - NTP, NTS and PTP - traceable to Swedish time UTC(SP)

Points of presence

- Stockholm (10 locations)
- Gothenburg (2 locations)
- Copenhagen / Malmö (4 locations)
- Oslo (4 locations)
- Helsinki (3 locations)
- Sundsvall / Gävle (3 locations)
- Luleå (1 location)

- Riga - DNS Only
- Vilnius - DNS Only
- Tallinn - DNS Only

~75 more locations around the world



The background of the slide is a high-contrast, black and white image of Earth from space. The planet's horizon is visible at the top, with the dark, star-filled void of space above it. The Earth's surface is shown in deep shadows and bright highlights, revealing the outlines of continents and oceans.

**“Everyone thinks they have a plan
until they get punched in the face.”**



Jan-feb:
Military activities in the region.

17 feb:
Activities in Donbas Escalates.

20 feb: Donbas and Luhansk declare themselves independent.

Putin gives order on peace mission in Donbas.

24 feb: Putin gives order on a special military operation in Ukraine.

Invasion...

13 feb: DDos towards public sector, banks, ATMs etc.

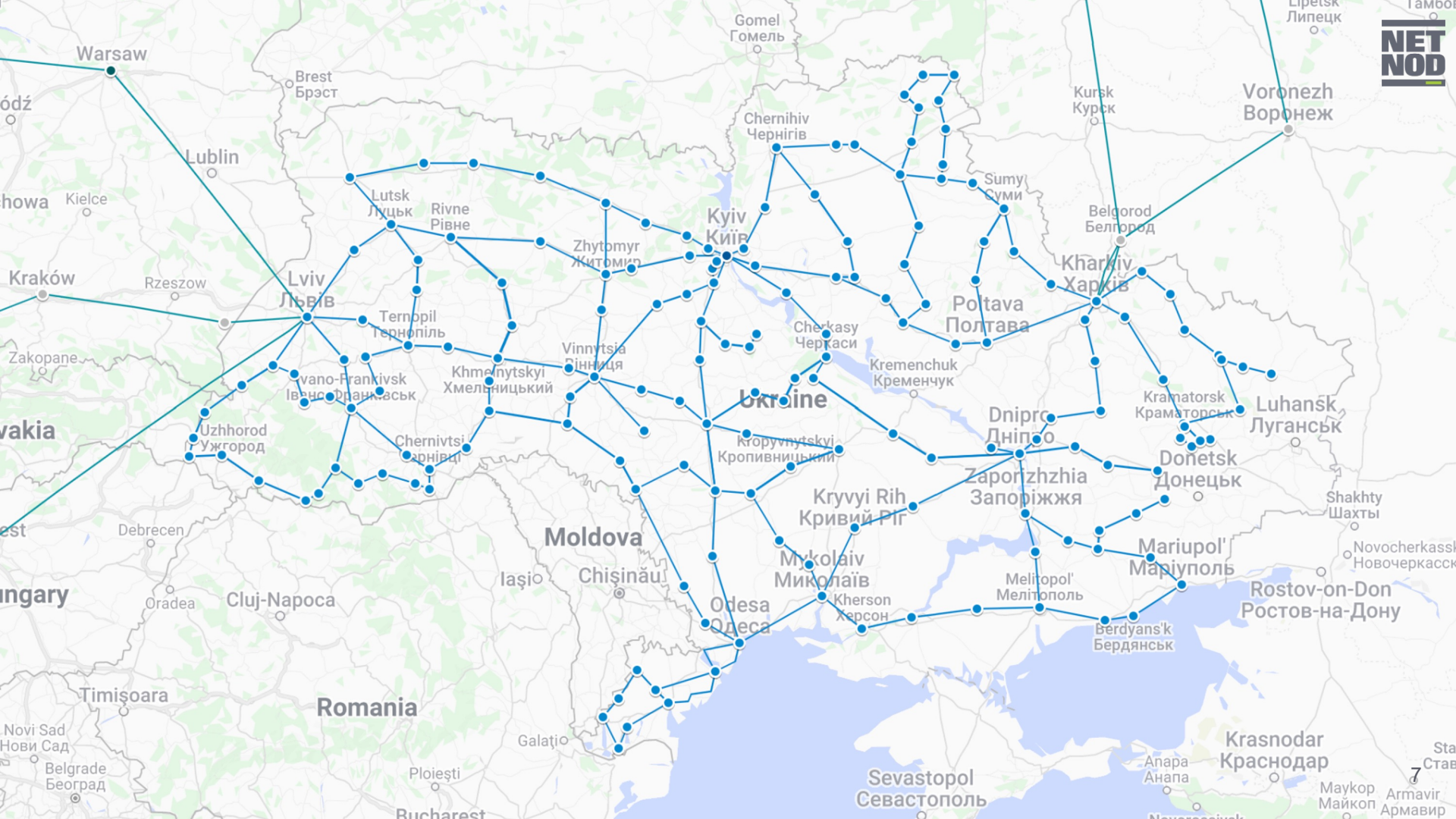
23 feb: Renewed attacks against banking and financial sector.

24 feb: HermeticWiper against organisations in Ukraine.

IsaacWiper destructive malware against Ukraine government network.

AcidRain against ViaSat, and attack against Triolan ISP.

These attacks against ViaSat and Triolan has impact on Internet in Ukraine.



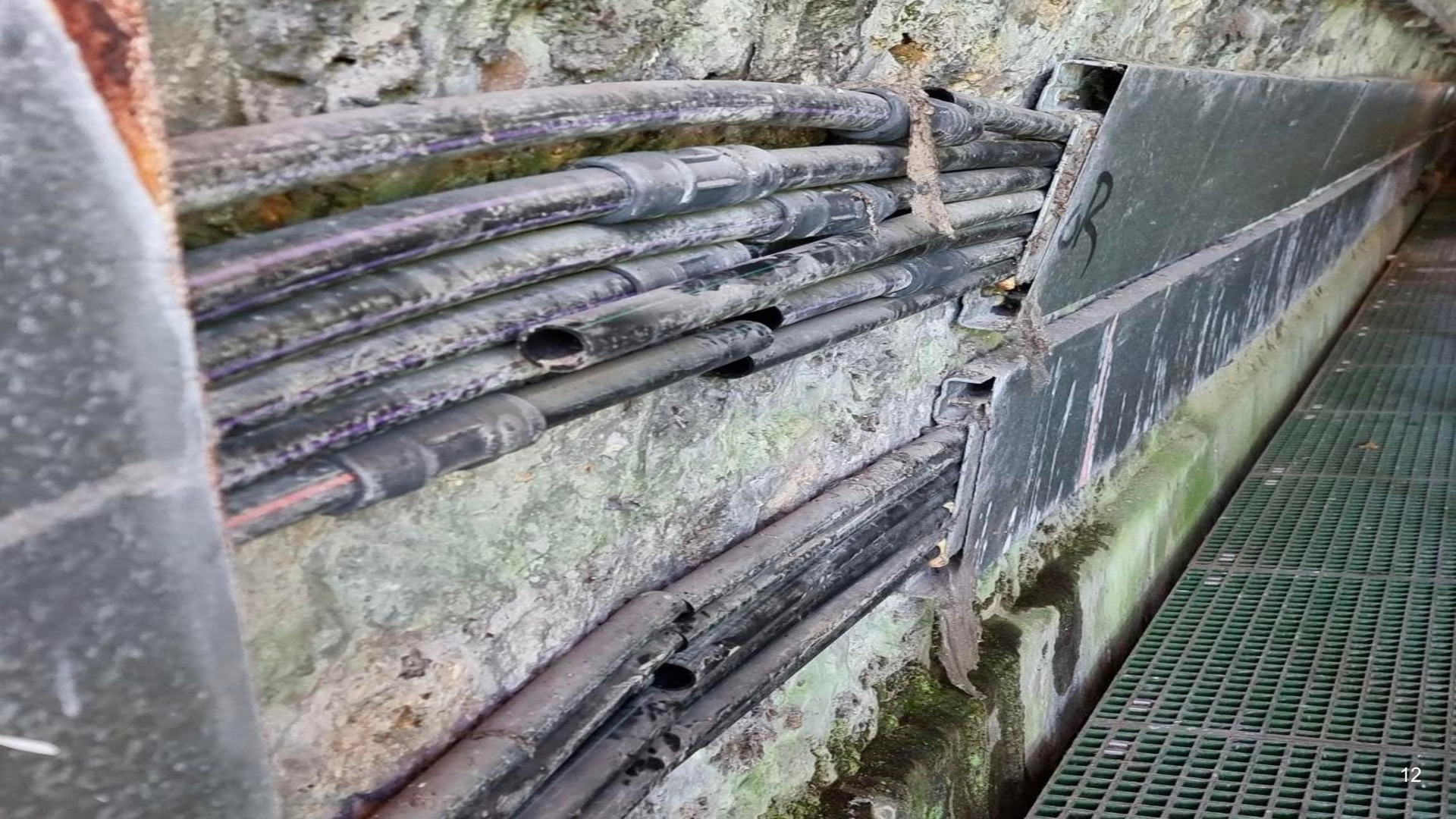


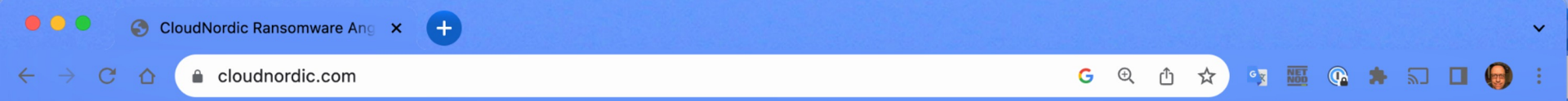


BEST
Твій Інтернет









Google

To customers in CloudNordic

Unfortunately, during the night of Friday 18-8-2023 at 04:00, CloudNordic was exposed to a ransomware attack, where criminal hackers shut down all systems. Websites, e-mail systems, customer systems, our customers' websites, etc. Everything. A break-in that has paralyzed CloudNordic completely, and which also hits our customers hard.

As we cannot and do not want to meet the financial demands of the criminal hackers for ransom, CloudNordic's IT team and external experts have been working hard to get an overview of the damage and what was possible to recreate.

Unfortunately, it has proved impossible to recreate more data, and the majority of our customers have thus lost all data with us. This applies to everyone we have not contacted at this time.

The hacking attack has been reported to the police.

Status

We are deeply affected by the situation, and are aware that the attack is also very critical for many of our customers. In addition to data, we also lost all our systems and servers and have had difficulty communicating. We have now re-established blank systems, e.g. name servers (without data), web servers (without data) and mail servers (without data).

Get help to move on without moving

We are ready to **restore customers** on the same name servers with a DNS administration interface, as well as new web servers (without data) and mail servers (without data), so that customers have the opportunity to get mail and the web working again, without moving the domain. Write to support@azero.dk with the word RESTORE in the subject line. In the email, write your email and your phone number as well as the domain, and then you will get login to a new website and email solution, where you can upload the website yourself and create email addresses.

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Suggestions for being able to recreate your own websites:

- Own local backup
- Copies from Wayback - <https://web.archive.org/>

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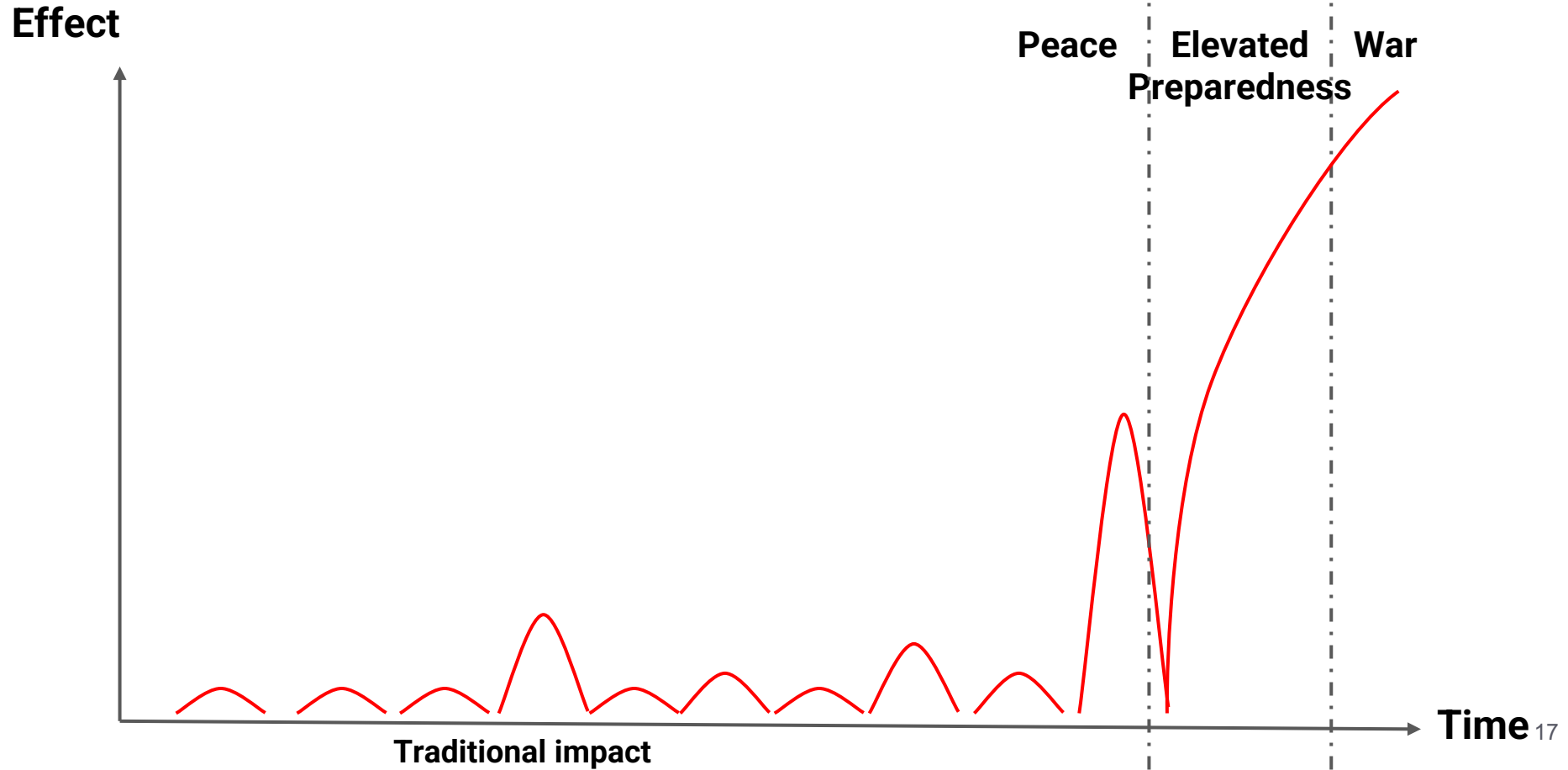
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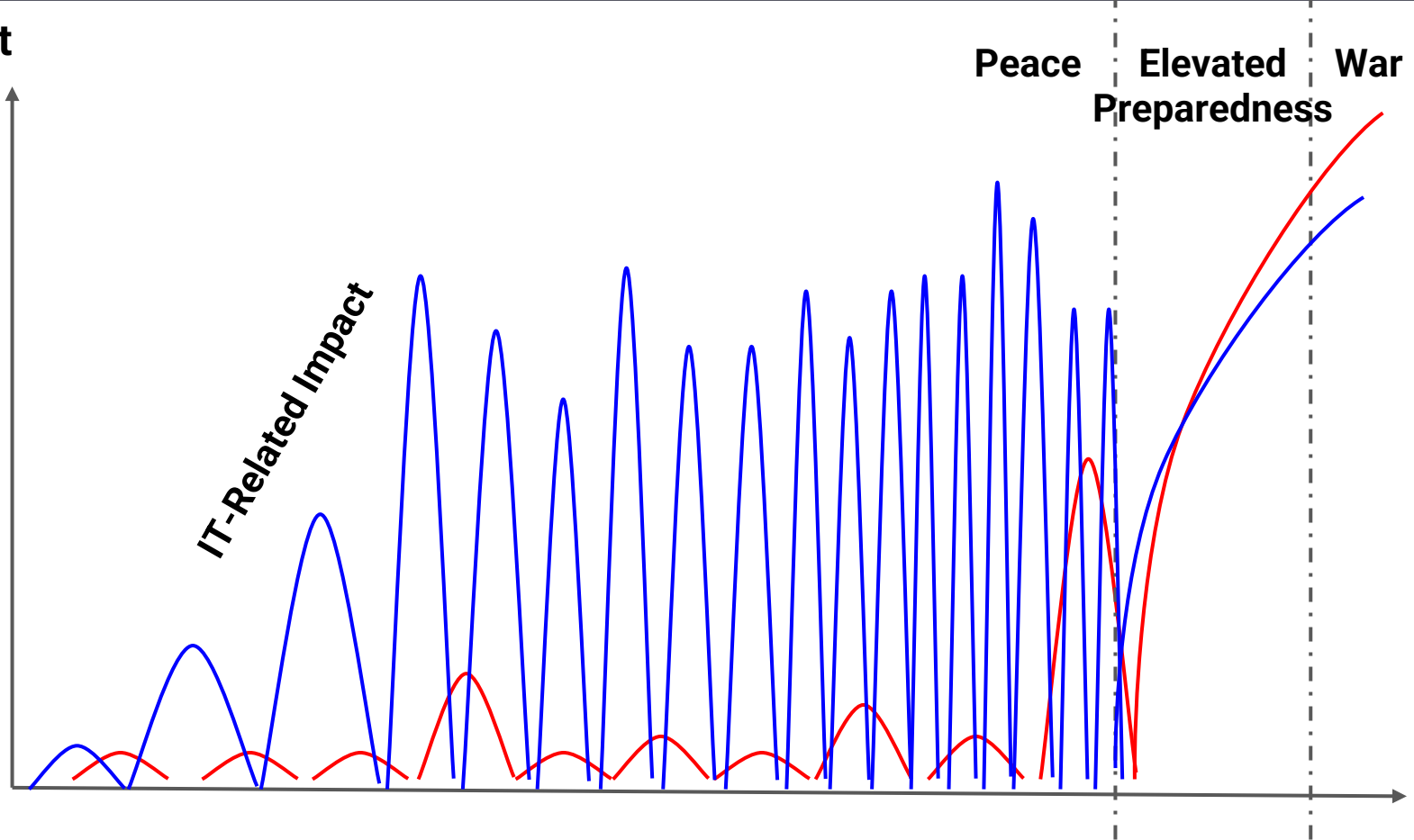
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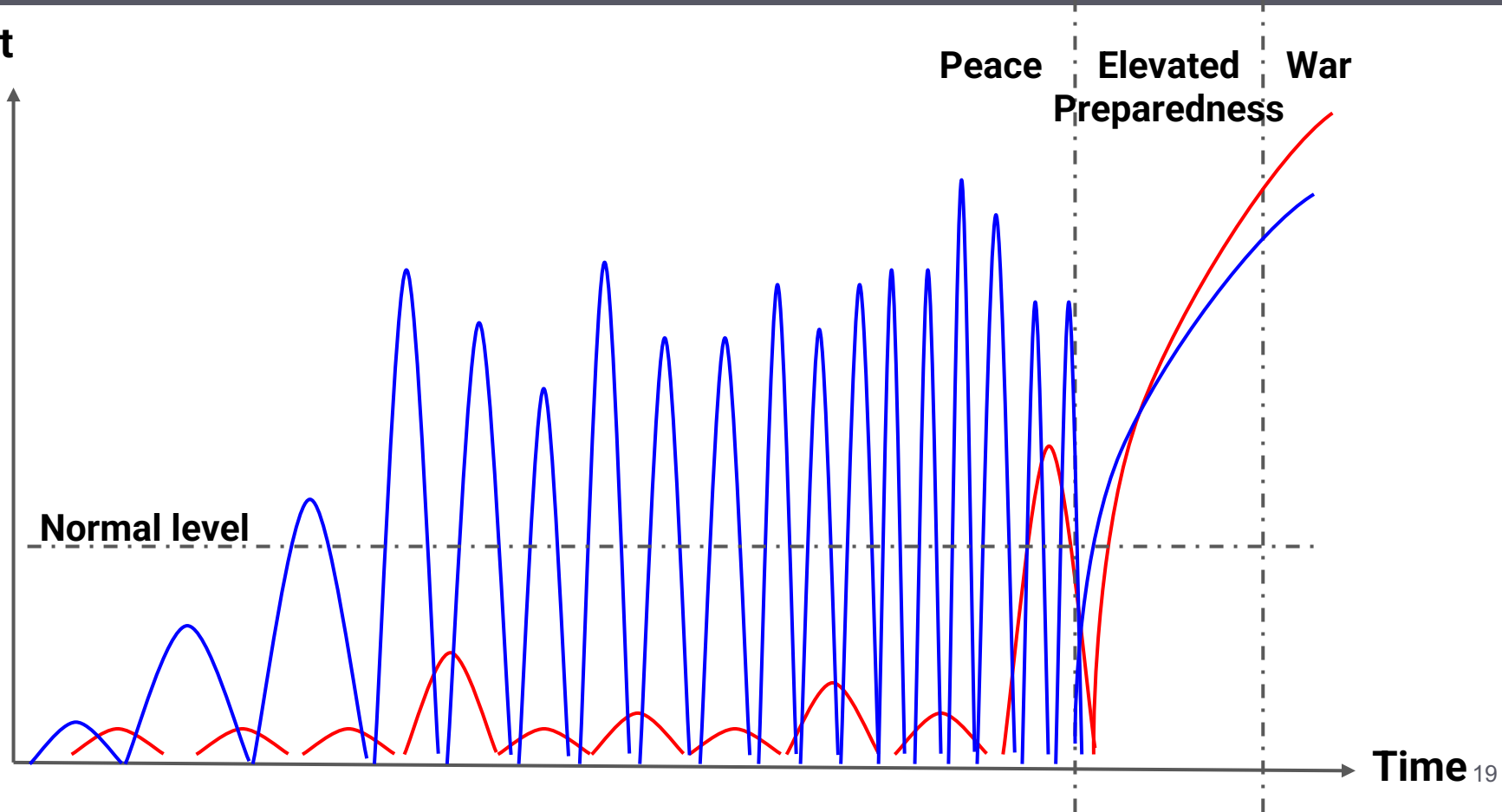


Effect

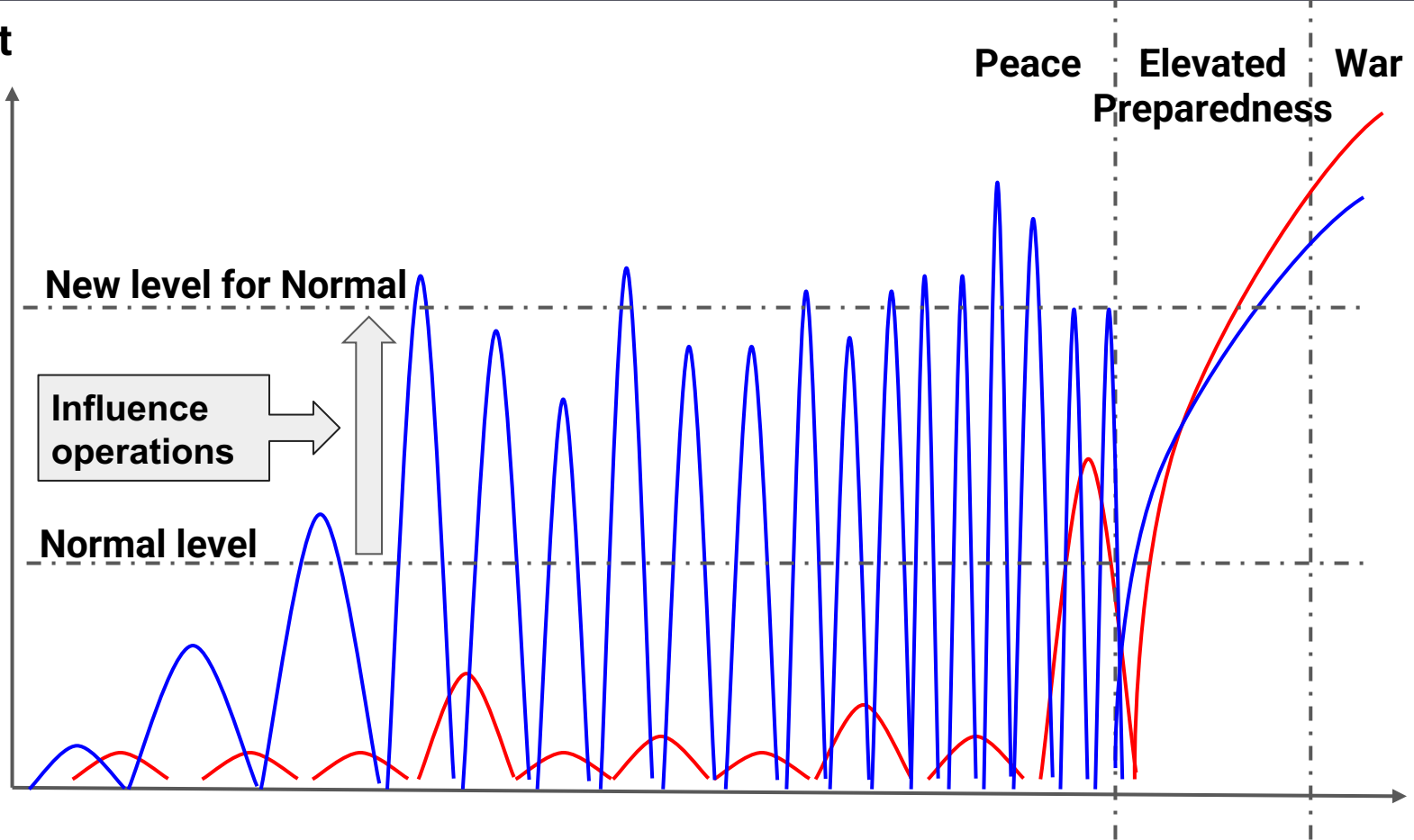


Time 18

Effect

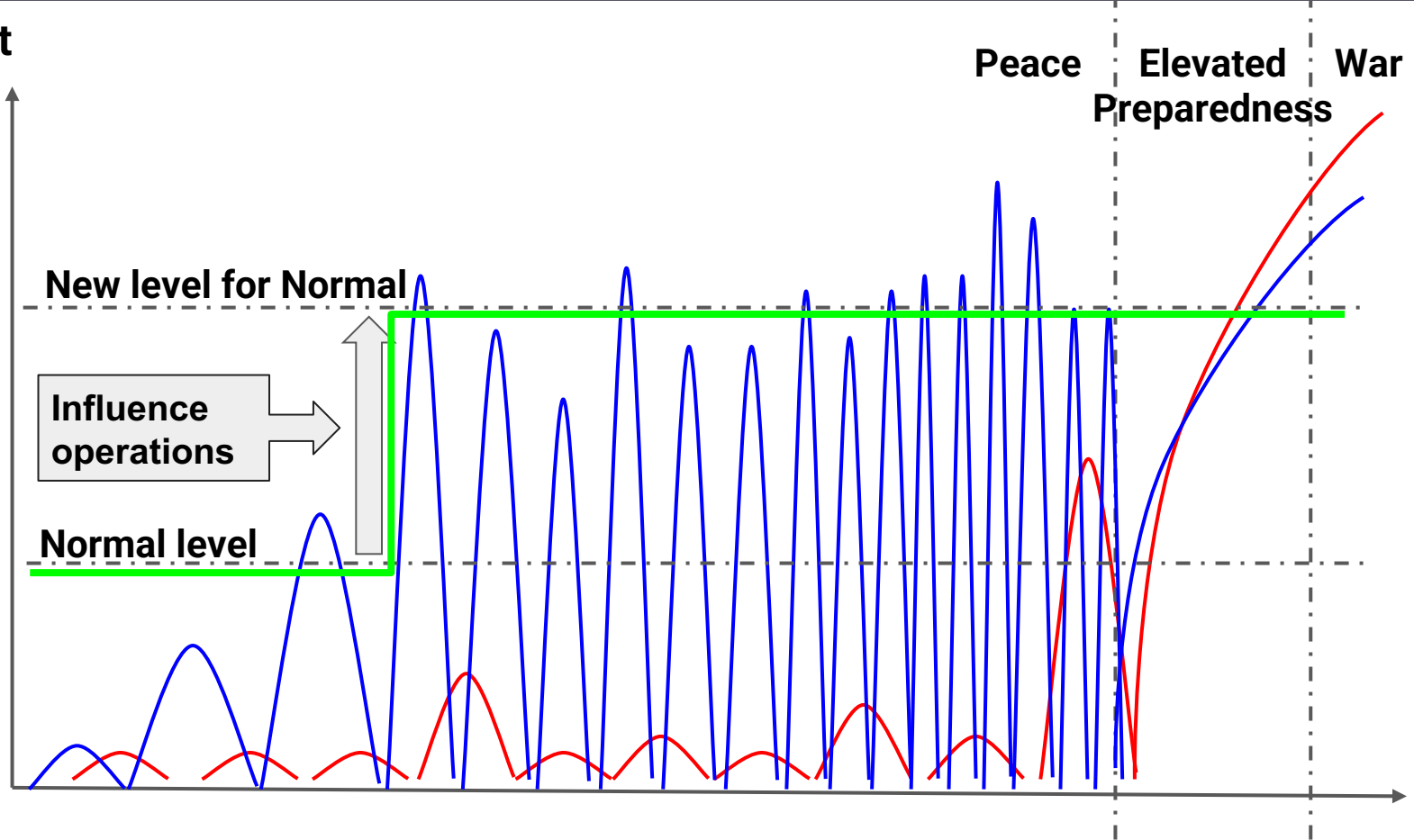


Effect



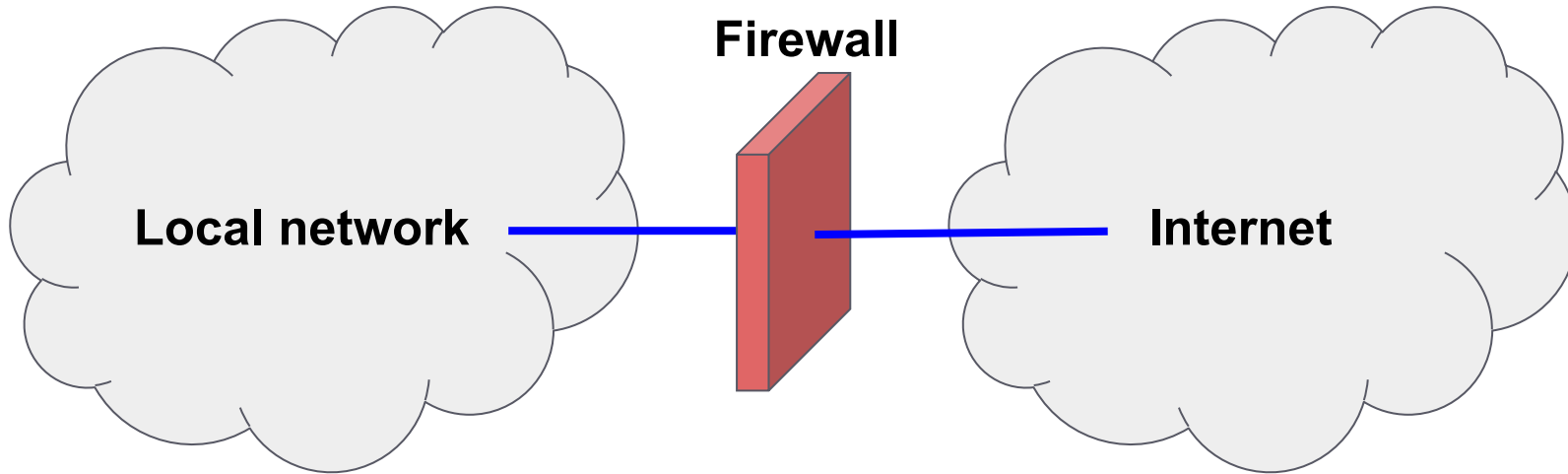
Time 20

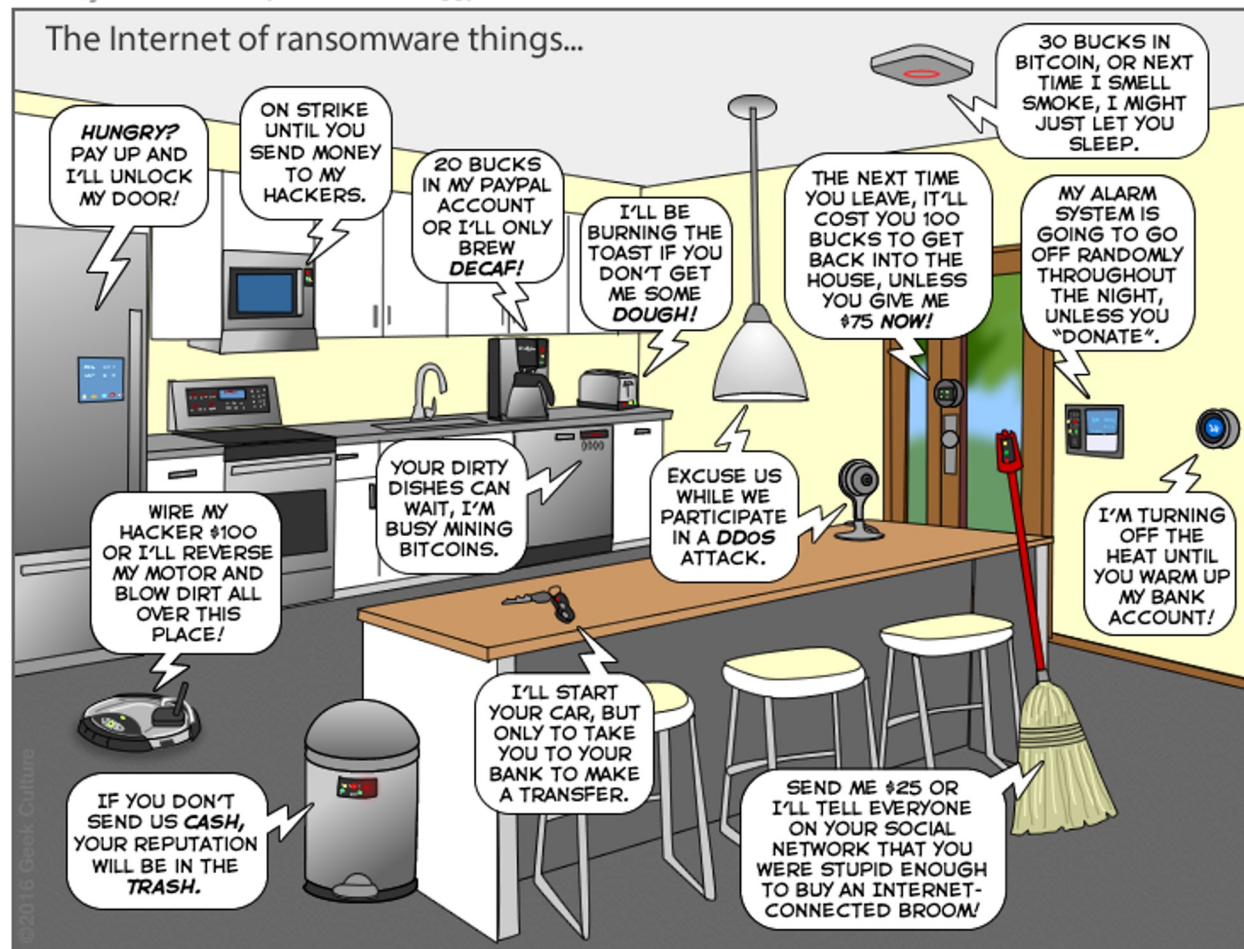
Effect



Time₂₁

1993





From pipes to a lasagna

Traditional deployment in "pipes" implies a tight control throughout the infrastructure

Services

Companies, public sector and others offer services like web, email and apps to companies, citizens and consumers.

Internet Access

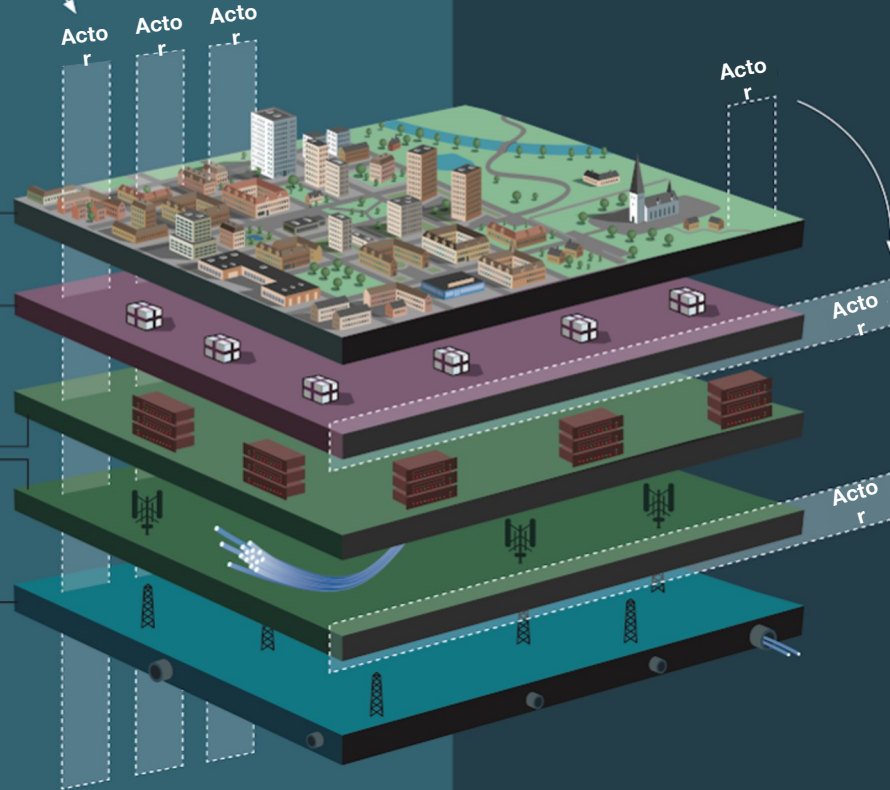
Internet- and mobile operators give companies and consumers access to Internet.

Active infrastructure

Transmission providers ensure transport of data to internet- and mobile operators.

Passive infrastructure

Ducts, fibre, masts etc. Built by municipalities, private companies and others.



A continuous change towards a partial horizontal division of roles implies requirement for different control mechanisms throughout the architecture, between layers.

Pros:

- Simpler management of control
- Increased ability to innovate
- Standardization leads to replaceability of products and services

Cons:

- "Markets" on different layers that do not work as efficient as possible
- Lack of control and planning
- Low skills regarding procurement
- Non-optimal risk management for the society as a whole

Swedish Government Security Strategy - 2017



- To cater for residents' safety, security and health
- To secure availability and functionality of important functions in the society
- To maintain fundamental values: democracy, rule of law, human rights and freedoms
- To under all circumstances defend Sweden's freedom, security and right to self-determination

Threats against these

- Military threats
- Information- and cyber security, digital risks
- Terrorism and violent extremism
- Organised crime
- Threats to energy supply and distribution
- Threats to logistics and infrastructure
- Threats to health issues

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Lockheed Martin Cyber Kill Chain

<https://www.lockheedmartin.com/en-us/capabilities/cyber/cyber-kill-chain.html>



Simpler model, 3 steps:

1. Intrusion

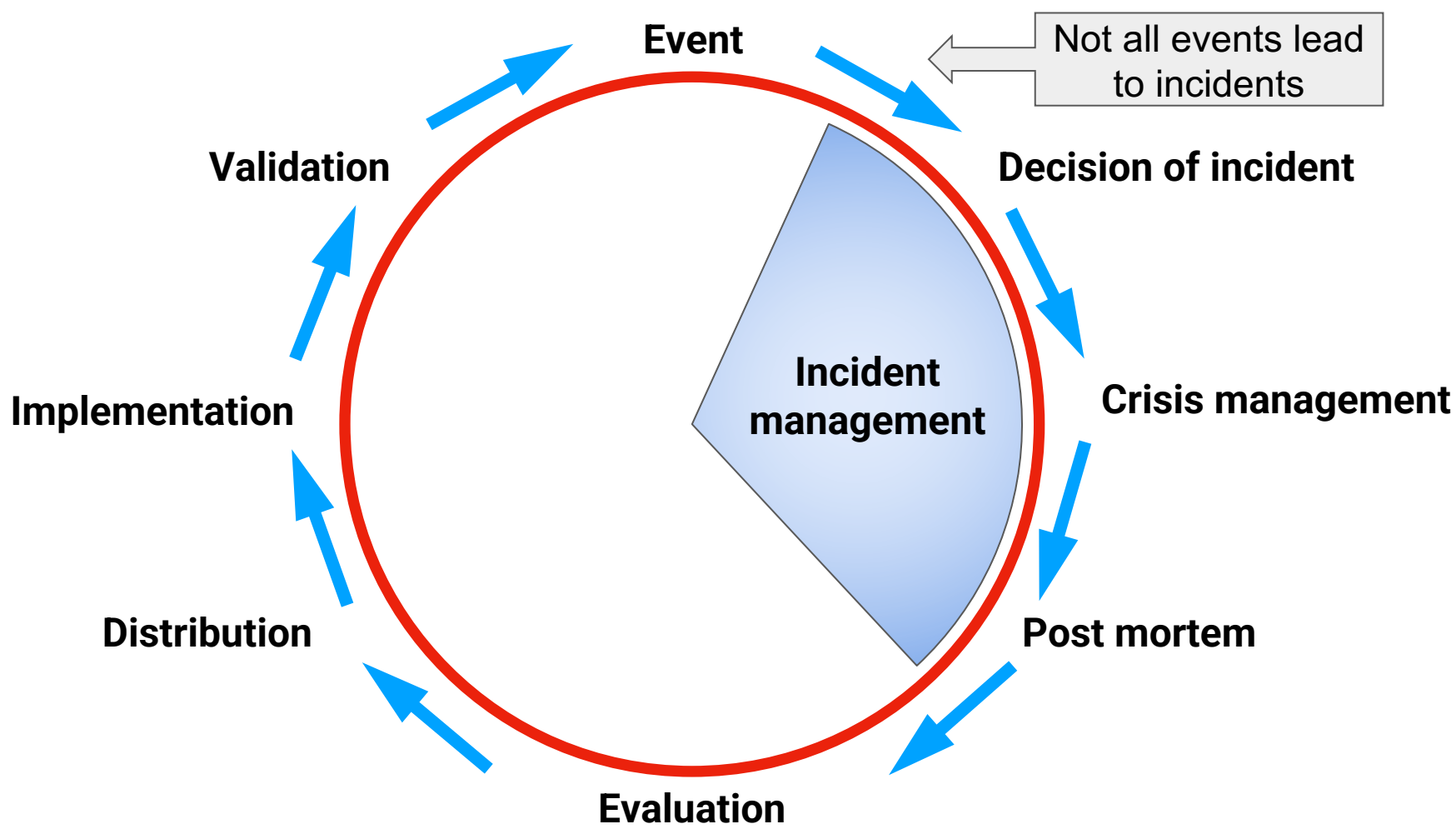
How do I minimize the risk antagonist can gain a foothold?

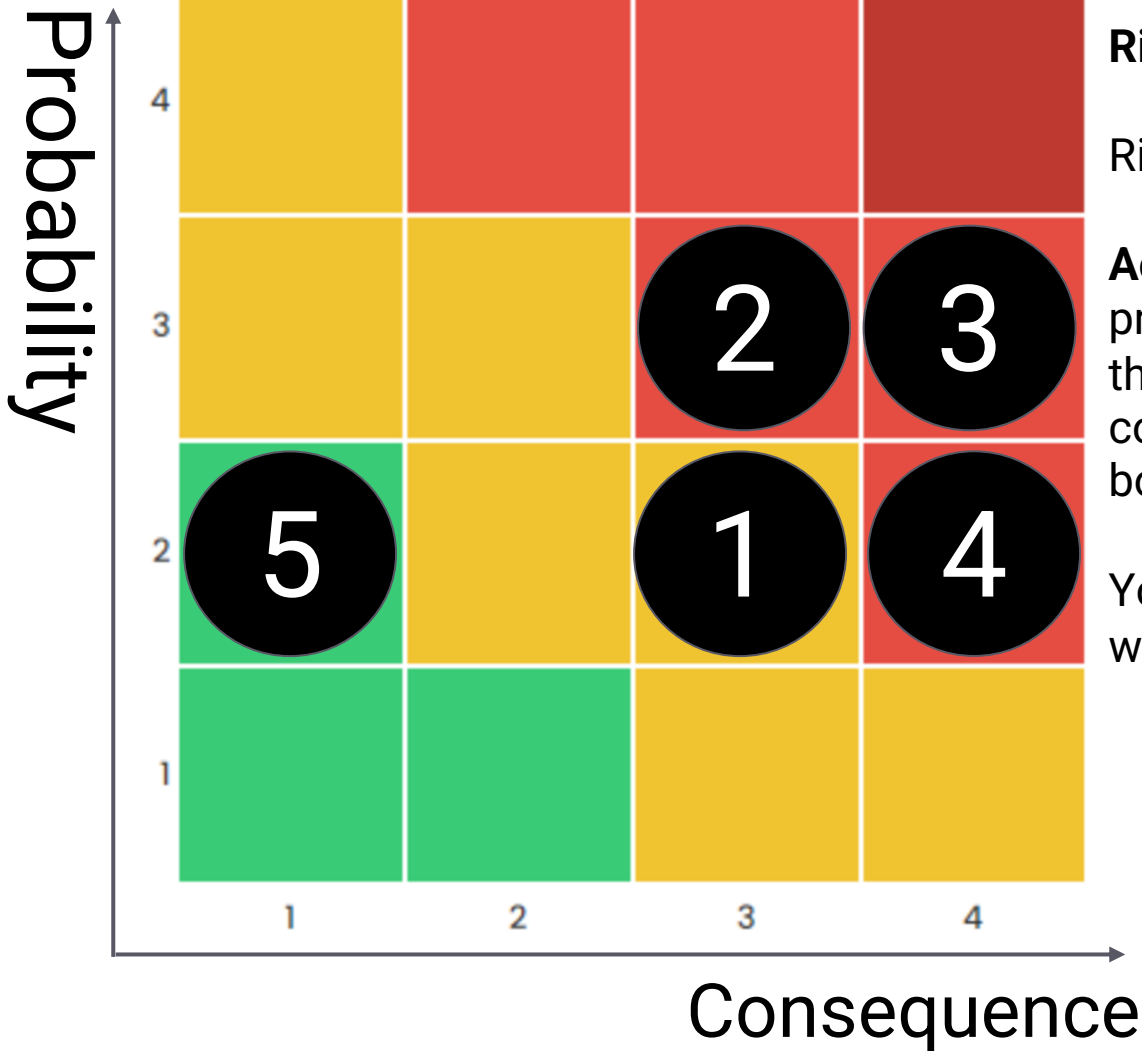
1. Horizontal movement

How do I minimize the ability for the antagonist to move?

1. Attack

How do I protect what is to be protected?



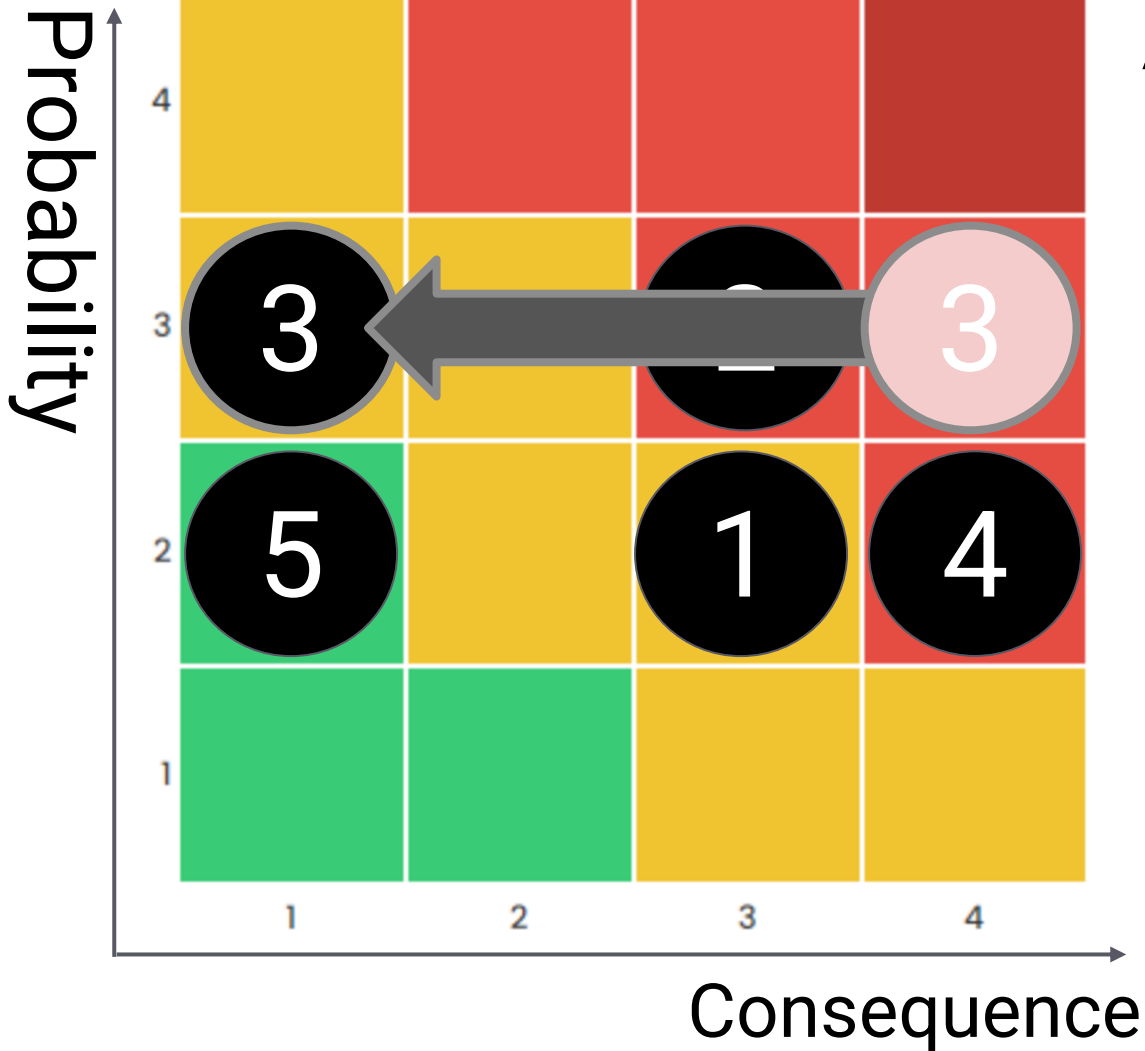


Risk matrix

Risk = (probability x consequence)

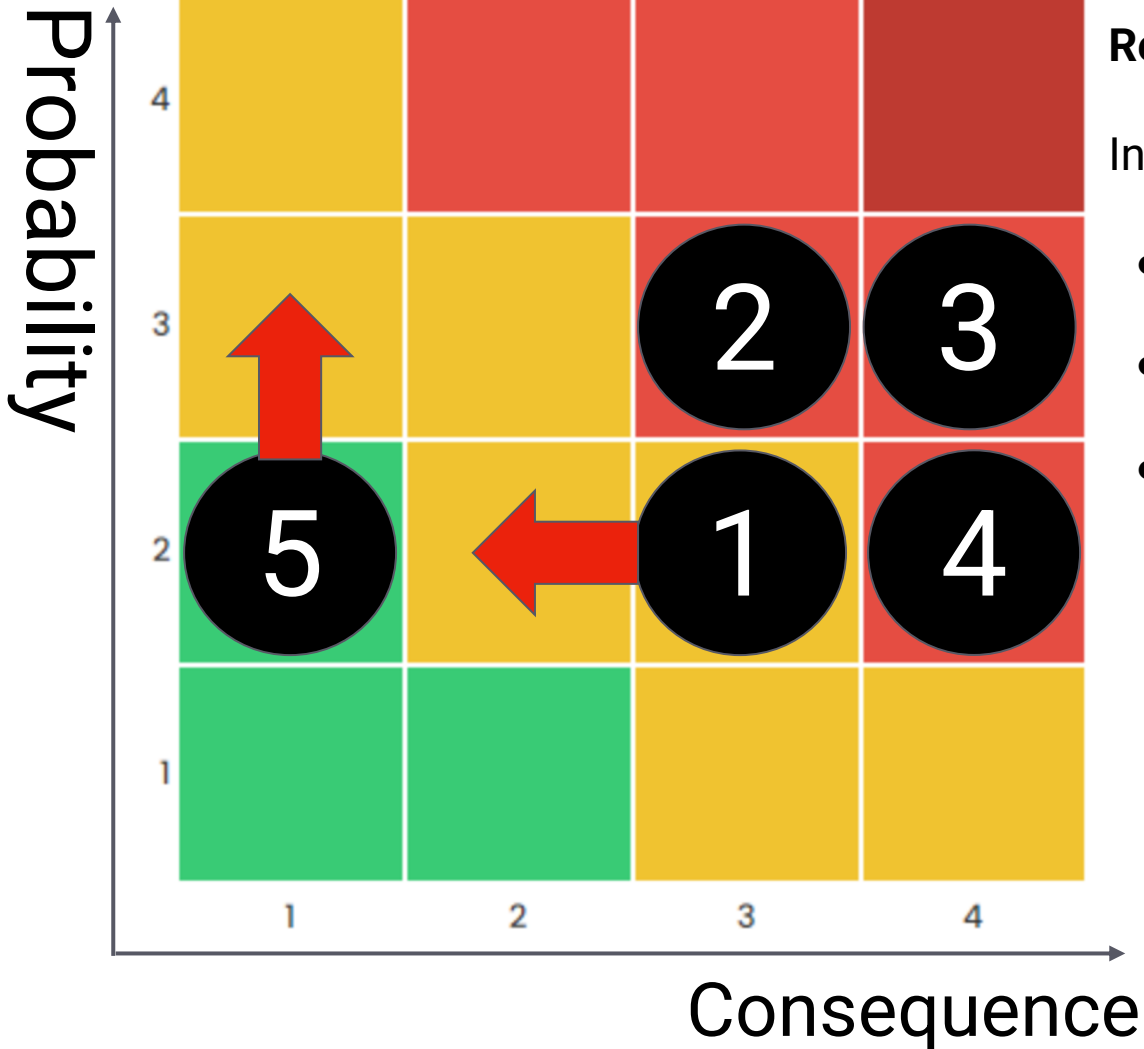
Actions are sought that lower the probability of **events** occurring, or that they lead to negative consequences if they do occur, or both.

You can accept a certain risk, which I call risk appetite.



Actions:

- **Do A**
 - Limit consequence if event 3 happens
- Do B
- Do C
- Do D
- Do nothing



Repeated reports

Indicate for each possible event:

- If the consequence have increased or decreased
- If the probability have increased or decreased
- If it is no longer on the radar (removed), or if it is a new possible event (added)

Control, leadership and obedience

- A well-functioning **pre-planned** coordination leads to a **reduced** need for coordination when handling incidents
- More robust communication is achieved through an **in advance** planned **and practiced** coordination between actors
- **This applies to everyone** who conducts or affects total defense activities
- In addition, there is a need for effect **much earlier** than has traditionally been the case, **before** tools, such as legislation, at elevated preparedness are possible to use

Recommendations

1. Do a risk assessment, a scenario analysis

What events can hit us, and what happens when they do?

1. Develop plans, and deploy (some) mitigation strategies


How can we ensure we are never surprised?

1. Use cloud architecture

Be prepared to move data, compute and storage!

1. Use a lasagna

Separate applications from ip and transport (fiber / mobile)



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